



LHS



Overcoming Obstacles To Implementing IT Security Governance

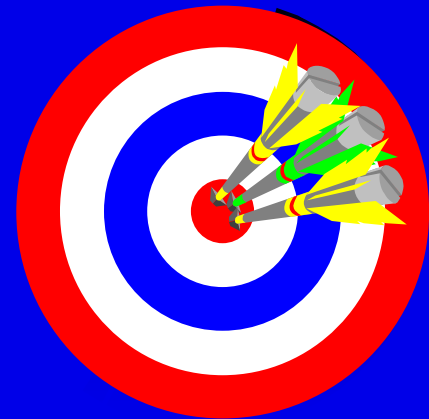
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- Your enterprise
- What are the obstacles?
- Overcoming resistance
- Adding value
- Who should be responsible?



Your Enterprise

- Wants to be:
 - effective
 - efficient
 - economical
- May view security as a necessary evil because it impacts on the above

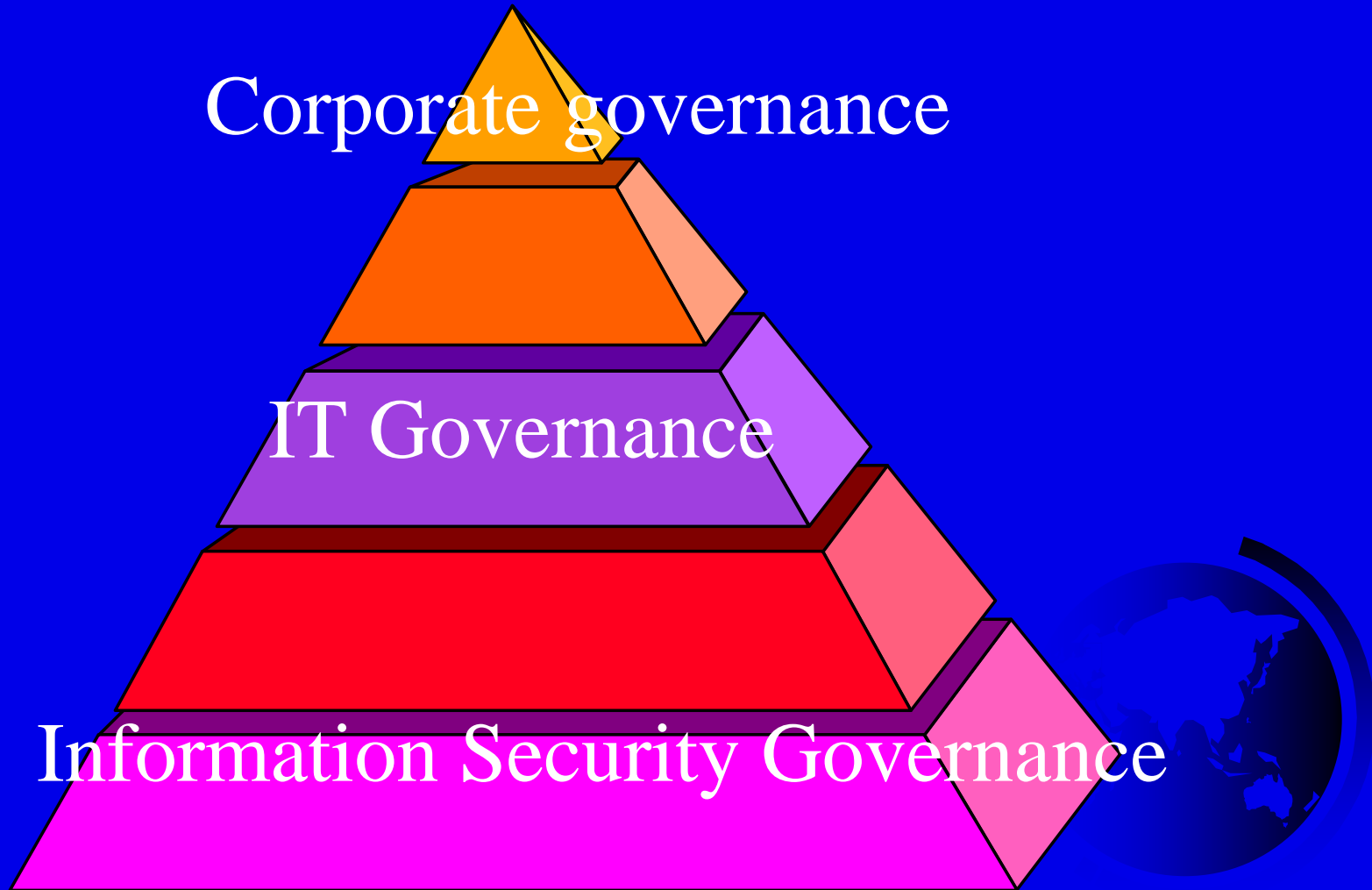


Some Things To Think About

- If you outsource your operations or development
 - What do you know about the potential supplier?
- If you purchase a package
 - What do know about its internals?
- If you link to a third party (customer/supplier)
 - What do you know about their staff?
- If you outsource your security (MSS)
 - What accreditation do they have?



The Hierarchy

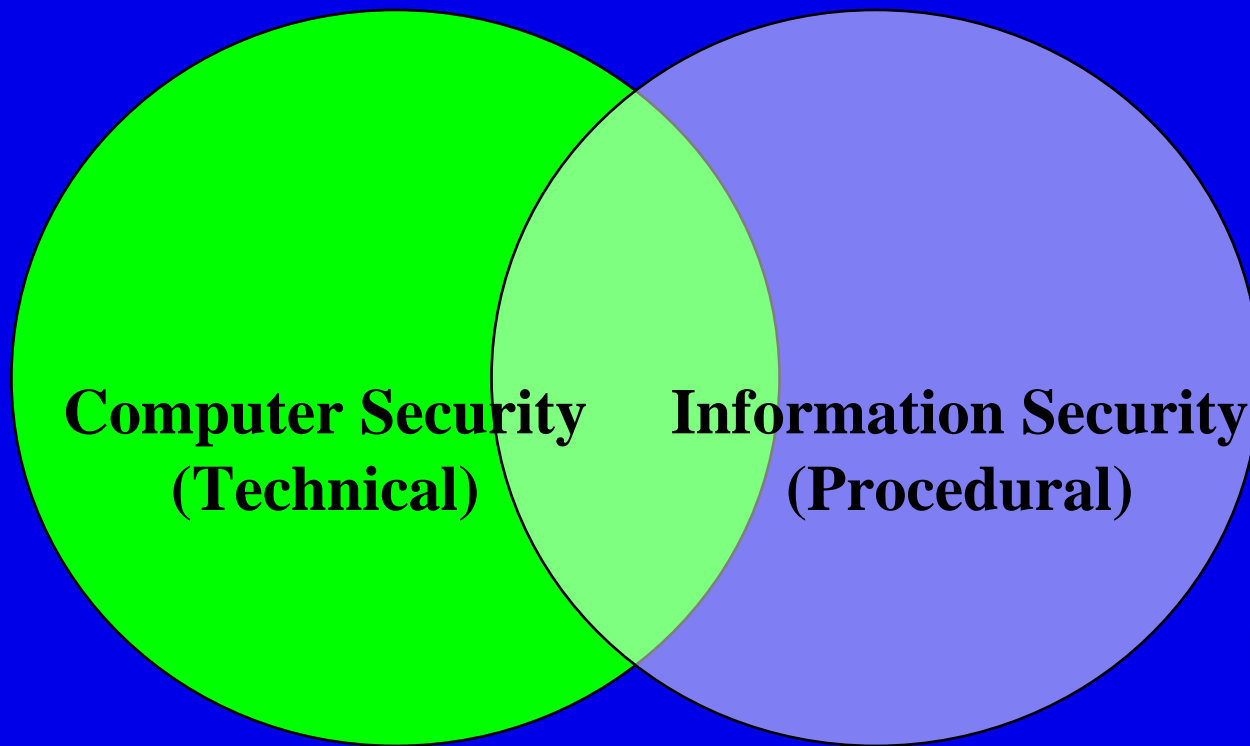


Information Security Governance

- A structure of relationships and processes to protect the enterprise from undesirable events that will impact on its ability to deliver a service.
- This encompasses:
 - breach of confidentiality
 - Incorrect or incomplete data
 - poor processing integrity
 - non-availability of the service
 - breach of statutory regulations.

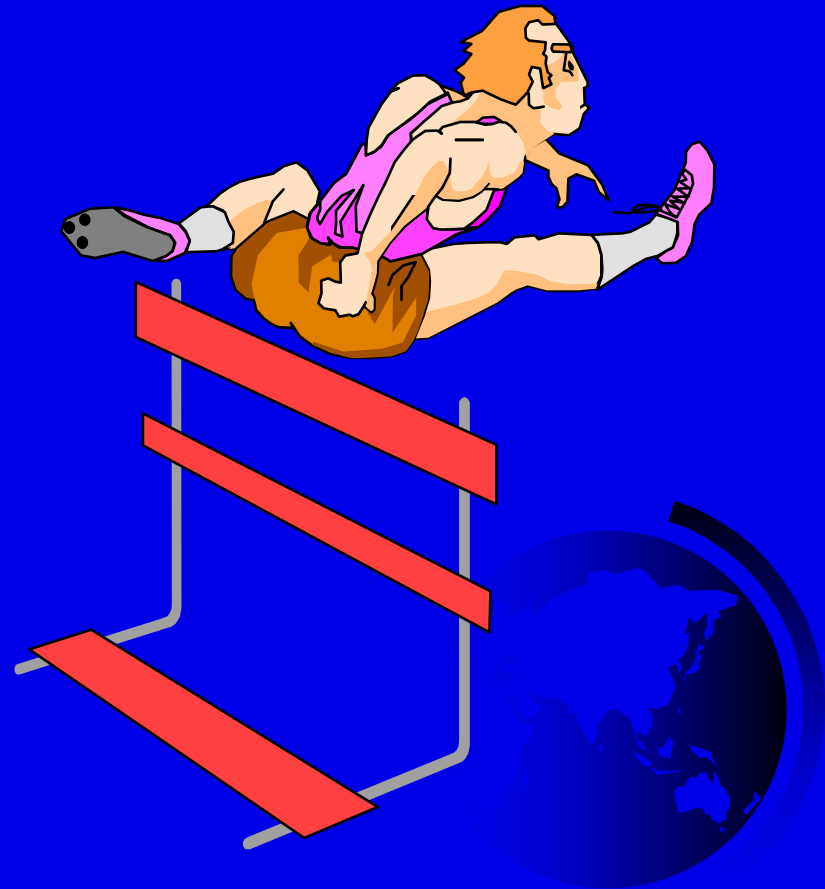


Information Security Governance



What are the Obstacles?

- Lack of understanding
 - By senior management
 - By local management
- Lack of resource
 - Money
 - People
 - Tools
- Lack of direction
- Corporate culture
- Other priorities
- IT is basically invisible



Where Is The Resistance?

- Executive level management
- Senior management
- IT management
- Users/customers
- Workers' councils
- Trade unions
- Third parties

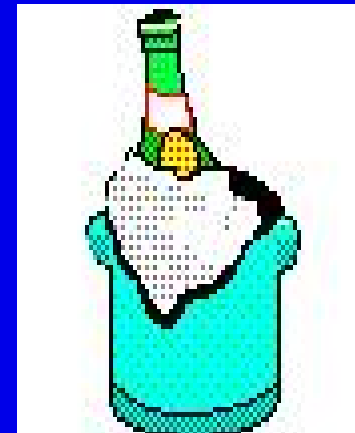


Corporate Culture

- Theory X
 - Management by direction



- Theory Y
 - Management by trust

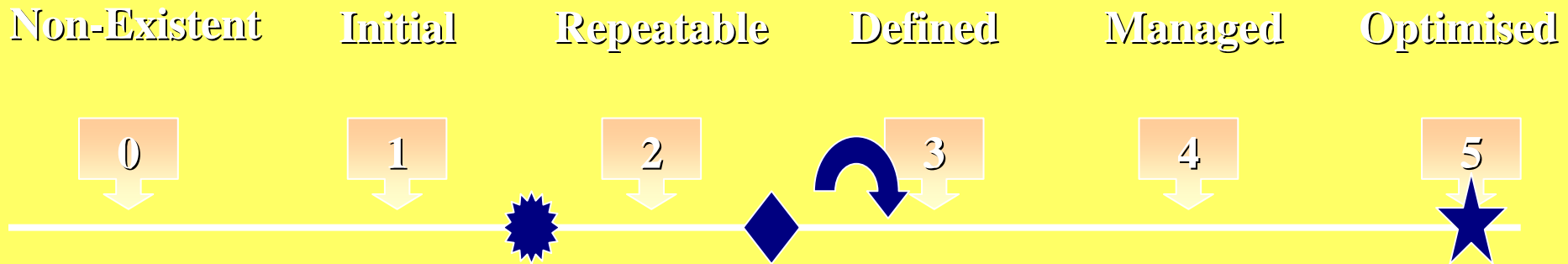


The Drivers

- You just have to do it (e.g. SOX)
- Market forces (if you can't prove you are secure we will not deal with you)
- Your boss wants it (do it or else)
- It will be good for you (add value)

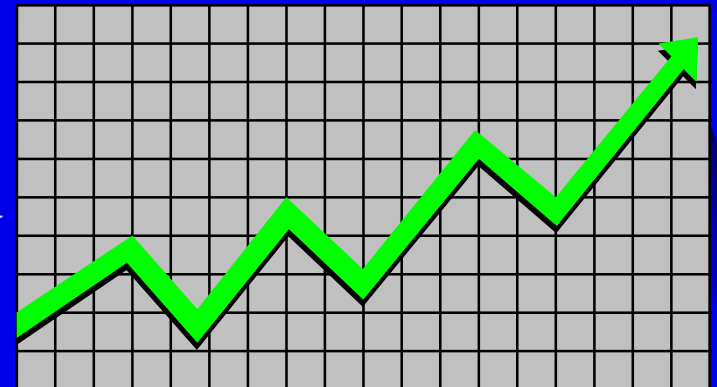


Where Are You Now? (Capability Maturity Models)



Where Do You Want To Be?

- Key Goals
- Key Goal Indicators
- Critical Success Factors
- Key Performance Indicators
- Balanced Scorecard
- Management dashboard



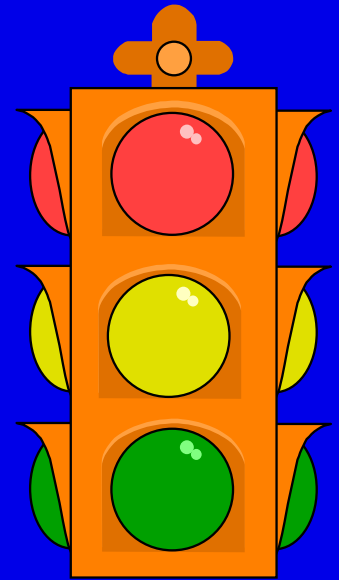
How Well Are You Doing?

■ Embedded Monitor

- How do you know that things are okay?

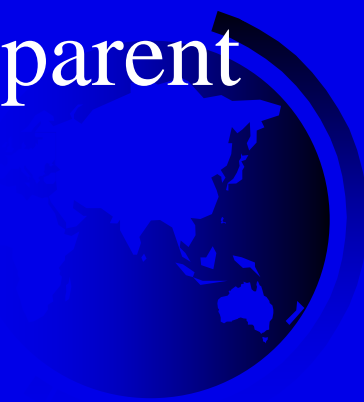
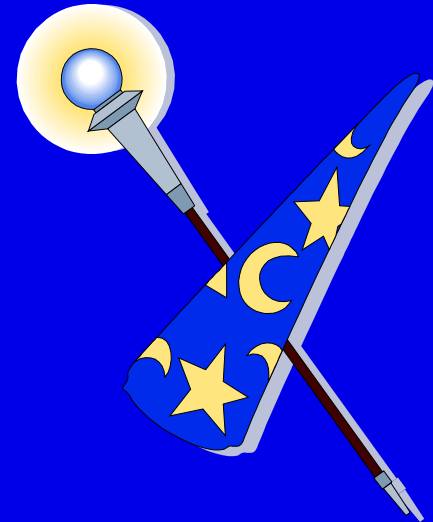
■ Early Warning Indicator

- What warning do you get that things are going wrong before they become really serious?



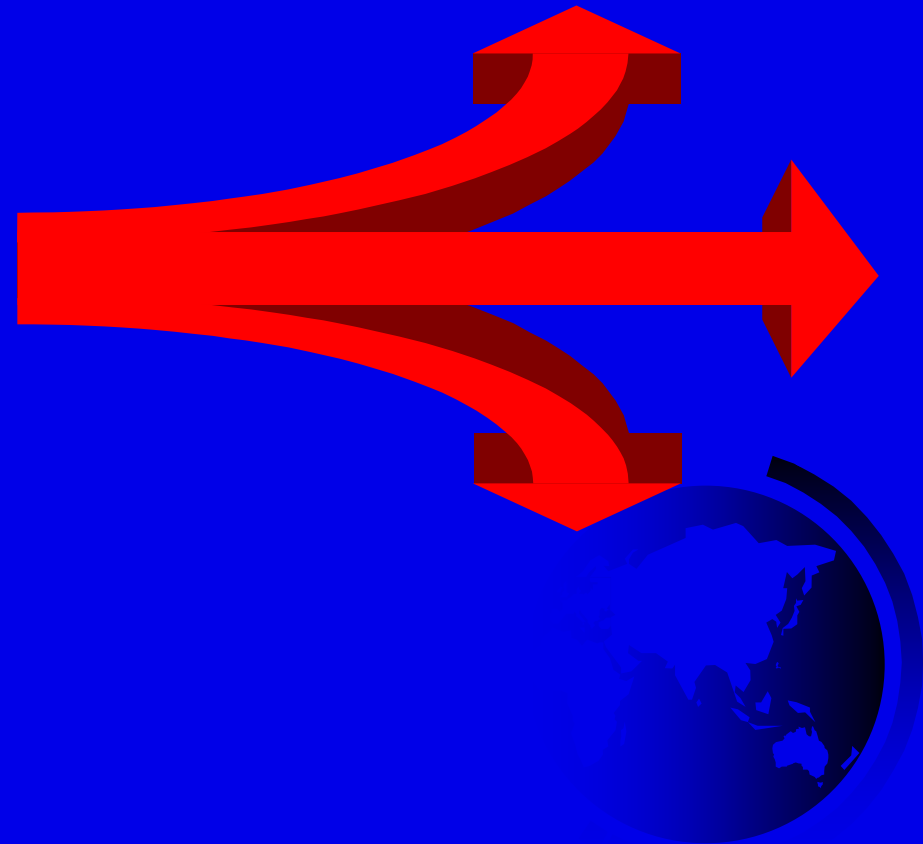
Some Solutions?

- Make it easy
- Use a risk based approach
- Provide some measures
- Introduce self assessment
- Make the assurance process transparent



Provide A Road Map

- Identify Needs
 - Risk analysis
 - Raise awareness
- Envisage Solution
 - Where are you now?
 - Where do you want to be
 - Gap analysis
- Plan Solution
 - Identify measurement metrics
 - Develop change programme
 - Define projects
- Implement Solution
 - Generate Balanced Score Card
 - Collect metrics
 - Report



Ask Leading Questions

To identify IT Security Issues

- How often is security considered at the start of an IT project?
- Are end users satisfied with the ease of operating IT security?
- Are sufficient IT security resources available to meet strategic objectives?

To Find Out How Management Addresses IT Security Issues

- How well are enterprise and IT security objectives aligned?
- What strategic initiatives has executive management taken to manage IT security relative to maintenance and growth of the enterprise
- Are they appropriate?

To Assess IT Security Governance Practices

- Is the board regularly briefed on IT security risks to which the enterprise is exposed?
- Is IT security a regular item on the agenda of the board and is it addressed in a structured manner?
- Does the board articulate and communicate the business objectives for IT security alignment?



Embarrass Them!

- When was the last briefing made to the Board on IT security risks and the status of IT security improvements?
- Is the enterprise clear on its position relative to IT security risks?
- How much is currently being spent on IT security?
- What are the costs associated with a security incident?



Embarrass Them!

- How many staff received IT security training last year?
- How many of the management team received IT security training?
- How does the organisation detect IT security incidents?
- How are they escalated and what does management do about them?
- Is management prepared to recover from a major security incident?
- Is management confident that IT security is adequately addressed in the organisation?



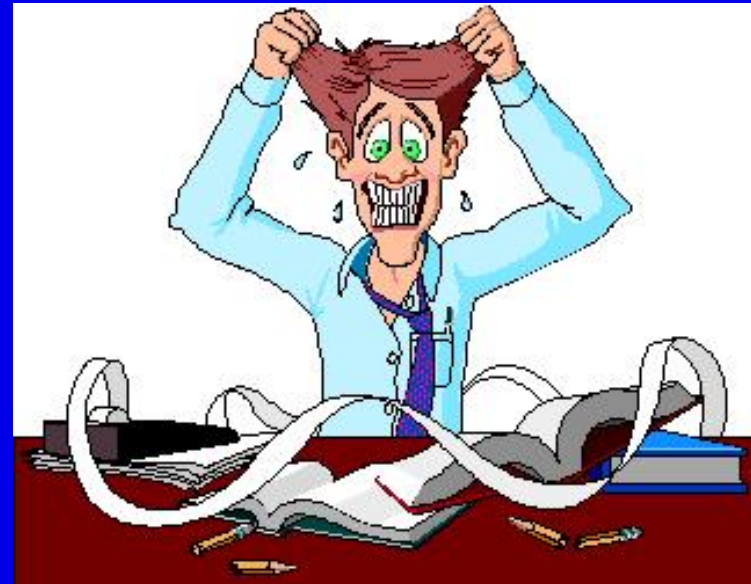
Scare Them!

- What information assets are subject to laws and regulations?
- What has management implemented to assure compliance with them?
- Is there a security programme in place that covers all of the above questions?
- Is there clear accountability?



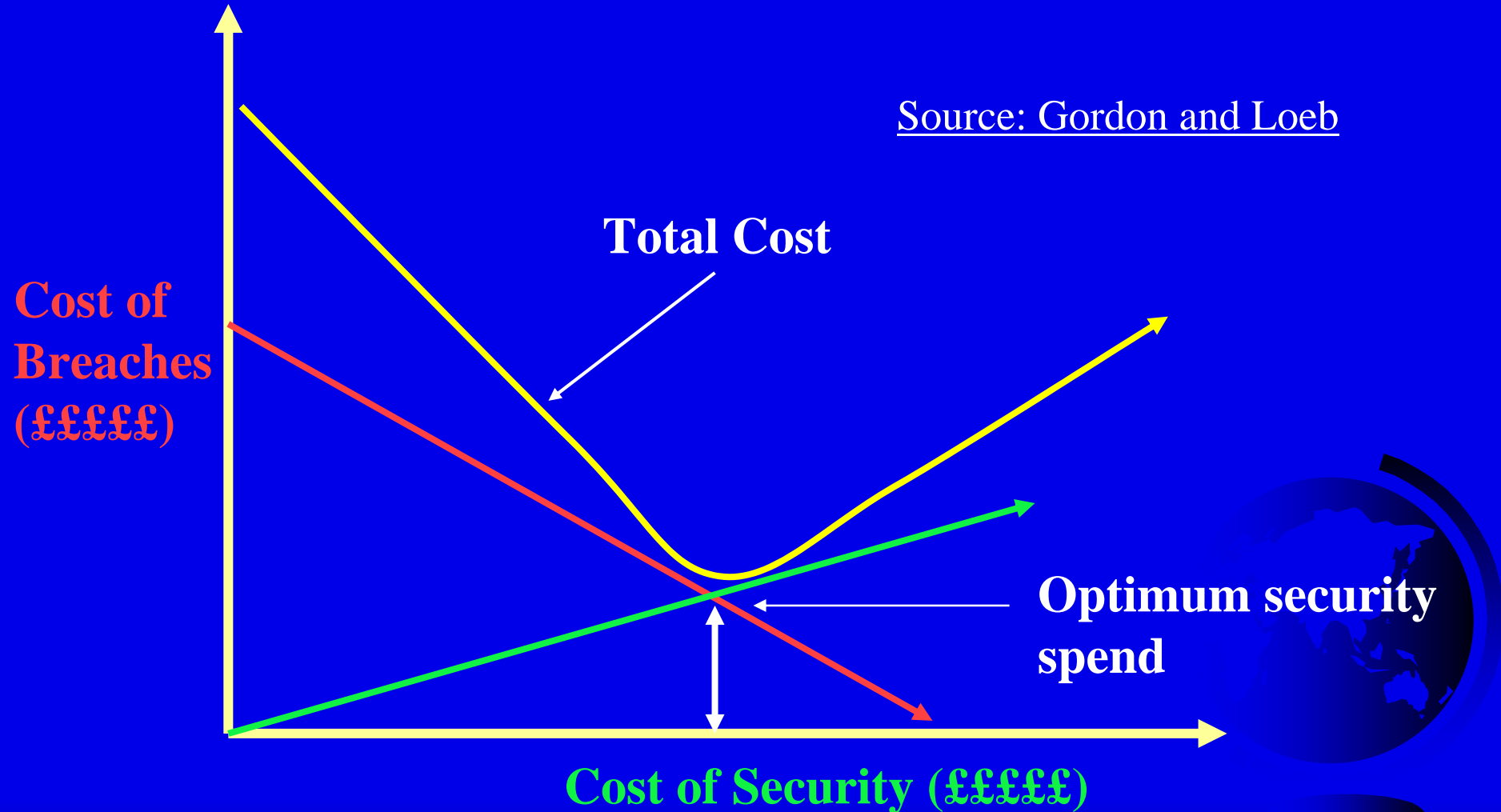
Know the Real Cost of Security Incidents

- Competitive disadvantage
- Business loss
- Reputation loss
- Damage to morale
- Fraud
- Wrong management decisions
- Disruption
- Legal liability
- Privacy loss
- Safety risk



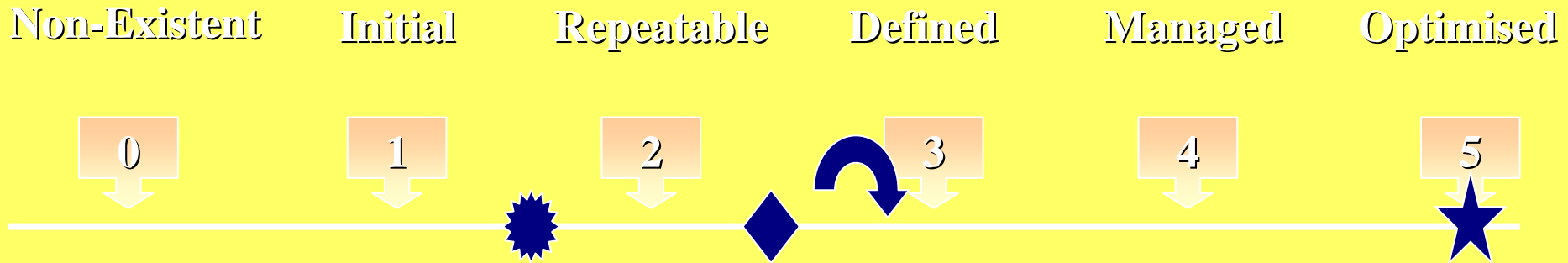
Know How Much You Should Spend

Source: Gordon and Loeb



Ask Tough Questions

Where Is Your Security Now?



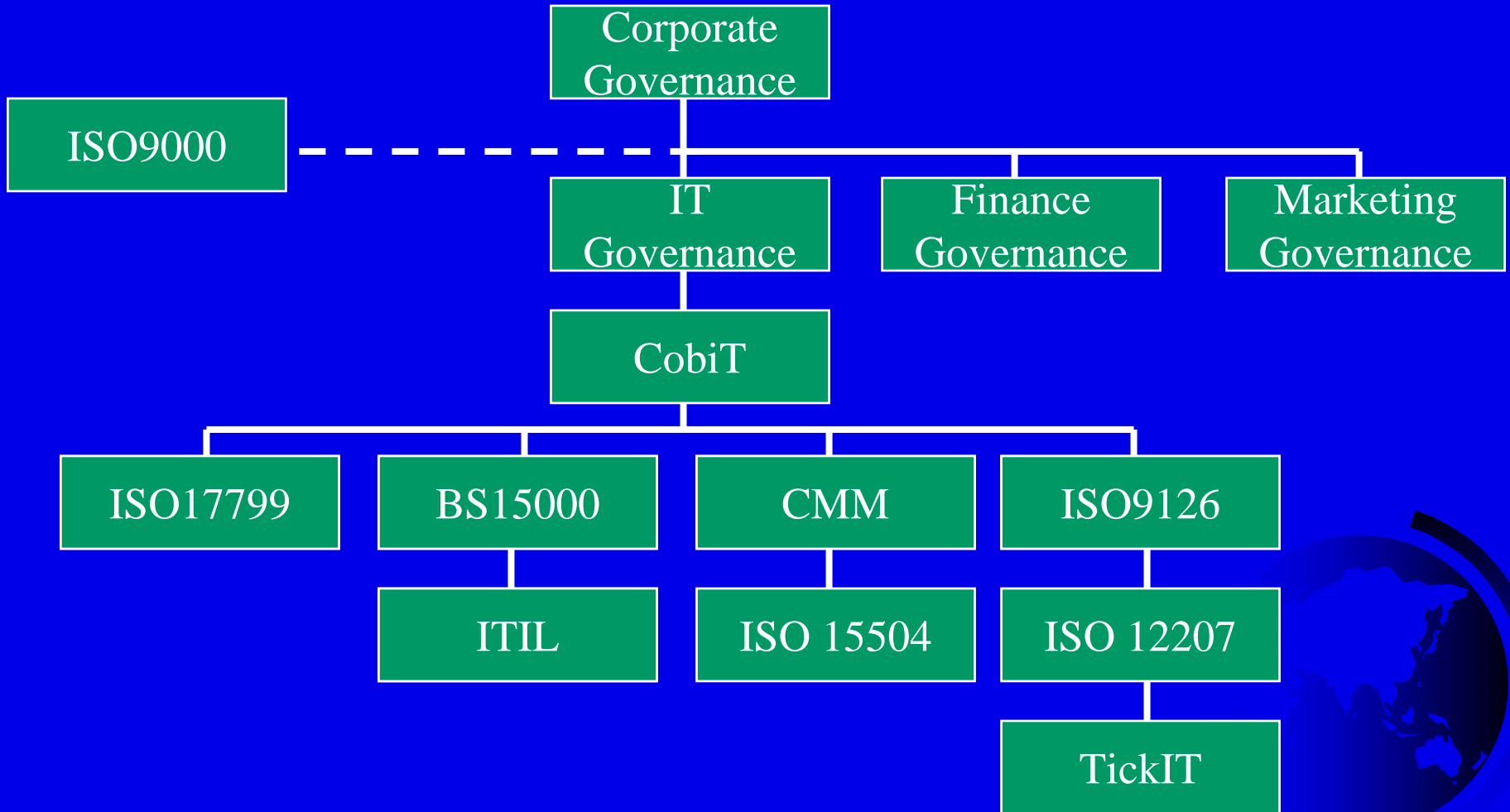
Where Do You Want To Be?

Provide a Comprehensive Tool Kit

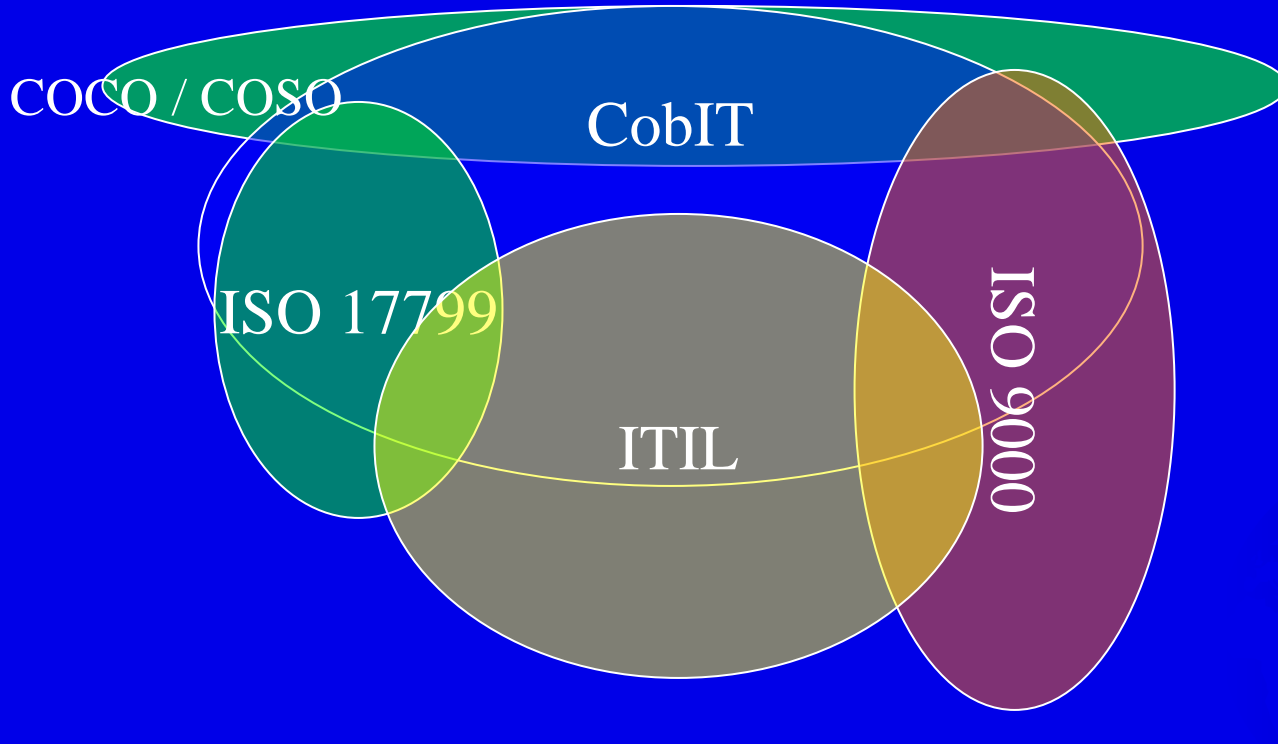
- Control Objectives for IT (CobiT)
- ISO 17799
- BS 15000
- ITIL
- ISO 9126
- ISO 9000



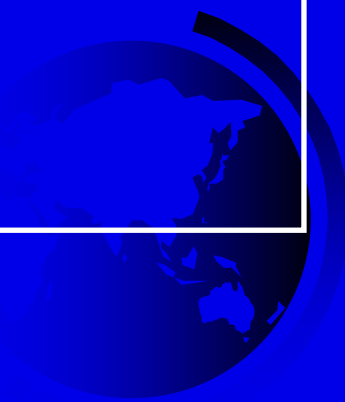
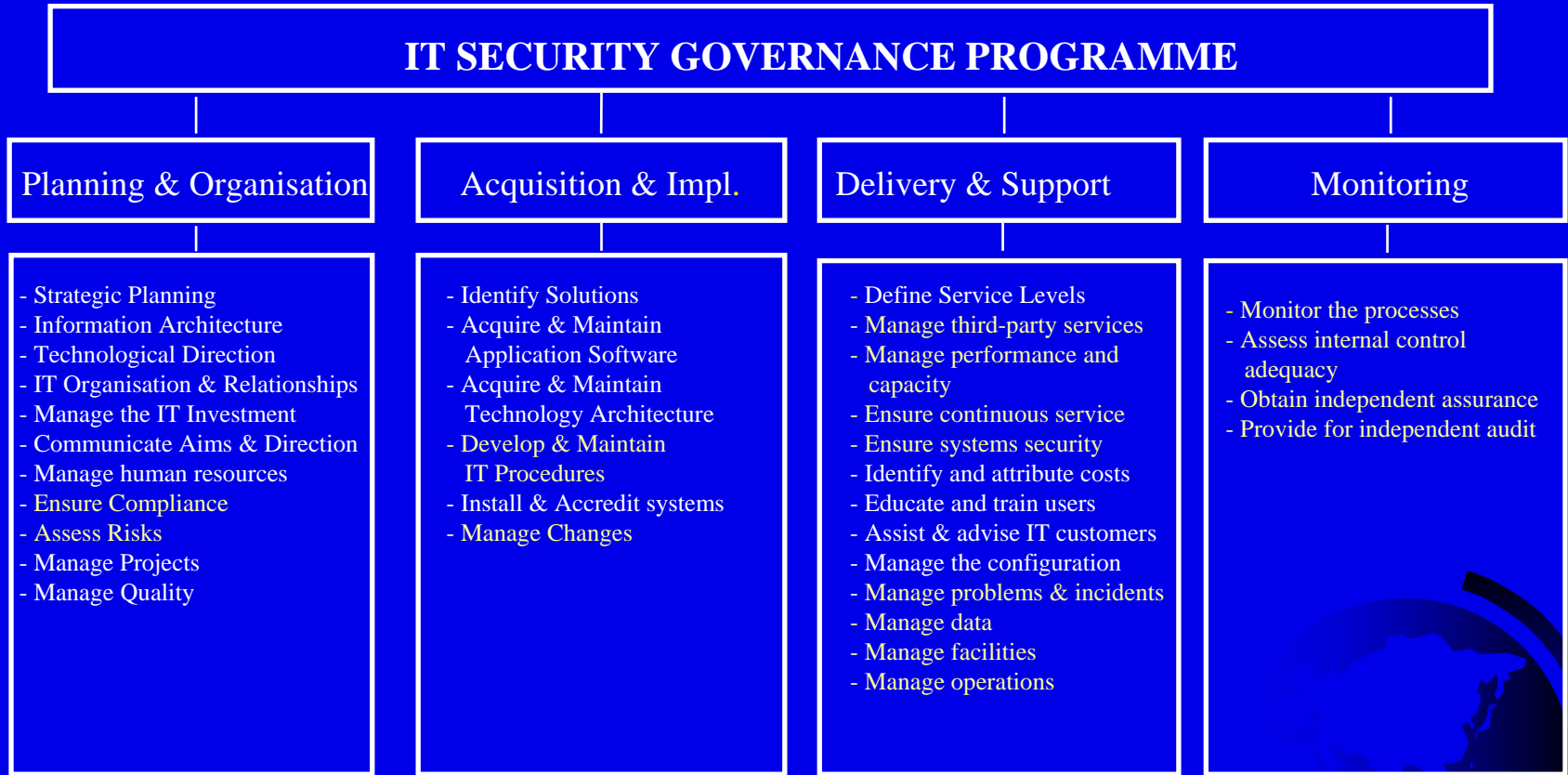
Show How the Tools Link



Show A Family

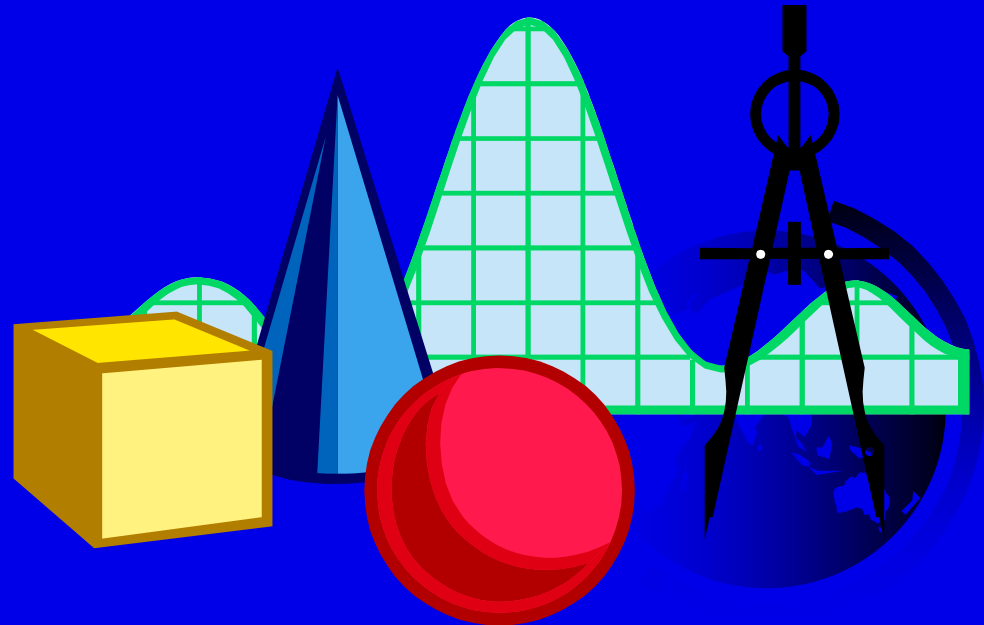


Be Comprehensive



Link It To Something Else

- Risk management
- Statutory compliance (SOX, Basel II etc)
- Staff evaluation
- Self assessment



Provide A Complete Process

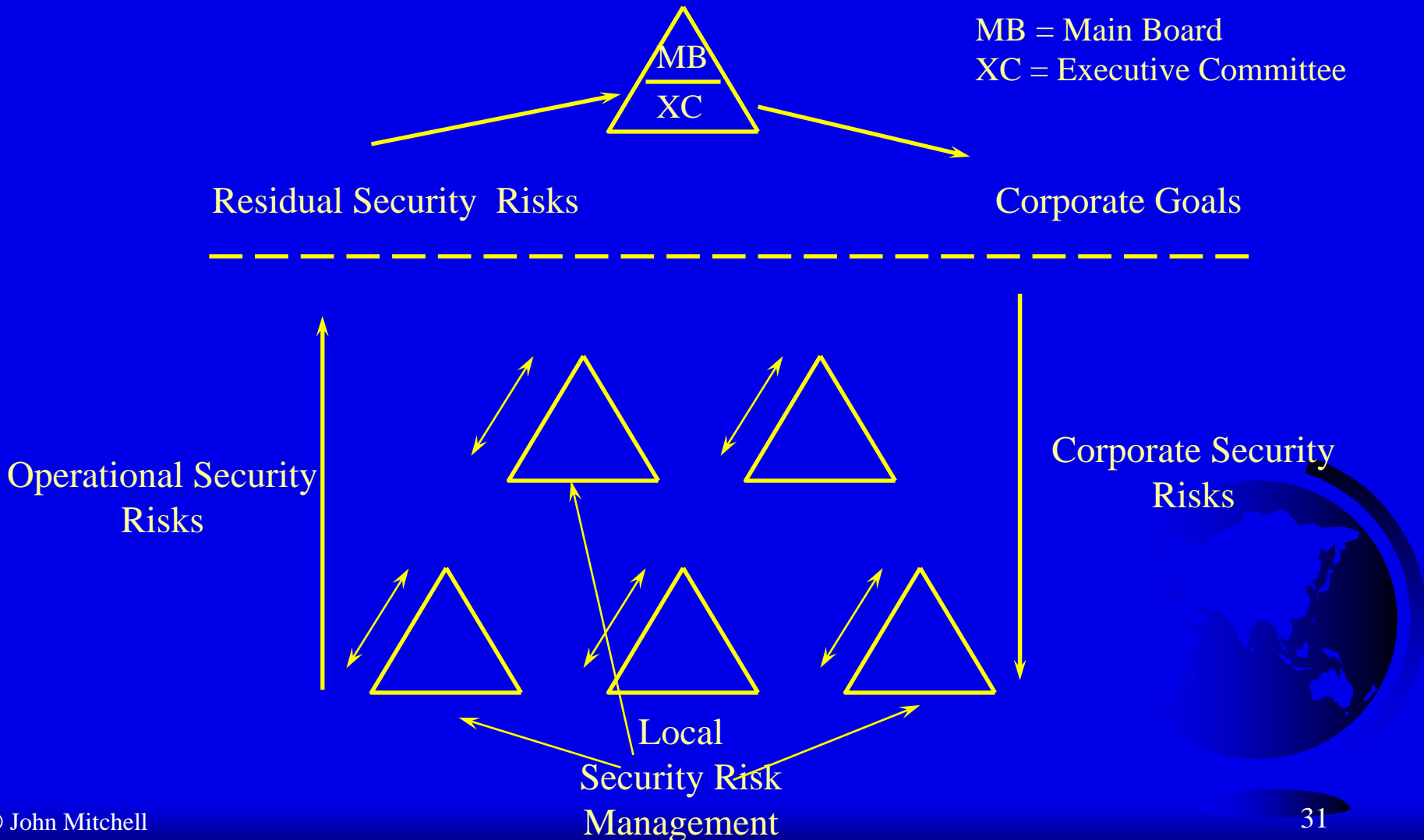


Use Easily Recognised Risks

- Information not available when required
- Information available to unauthorised persons
- Unauthorised modifications to data, files, or programs
- Denial or delay of service
- Unauthorised use of facilities
- Damage, or theft of equipment, software or data
- Breach of statutory or regulatory requirements



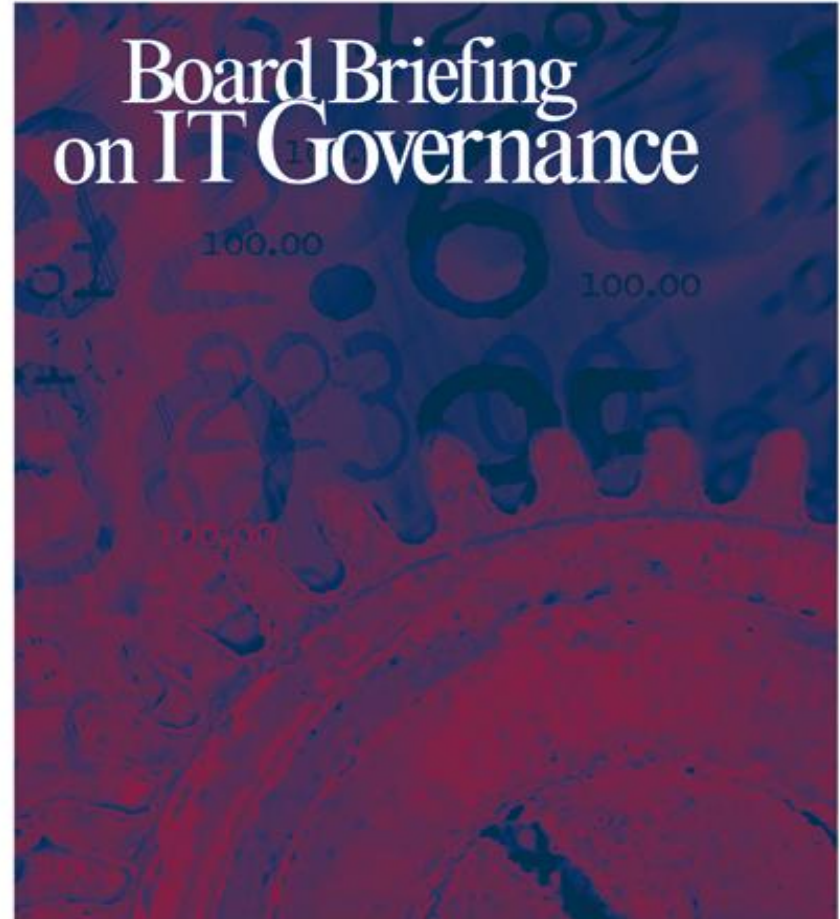
Show the Big Picture



LHS

Provide free
information

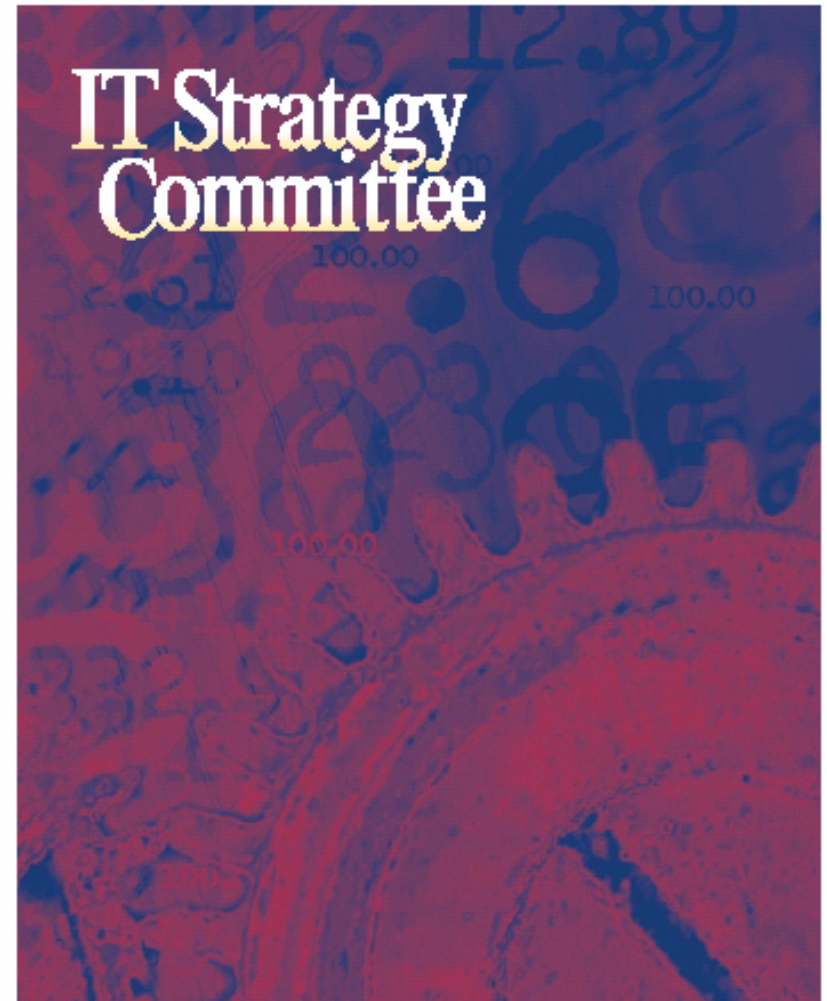
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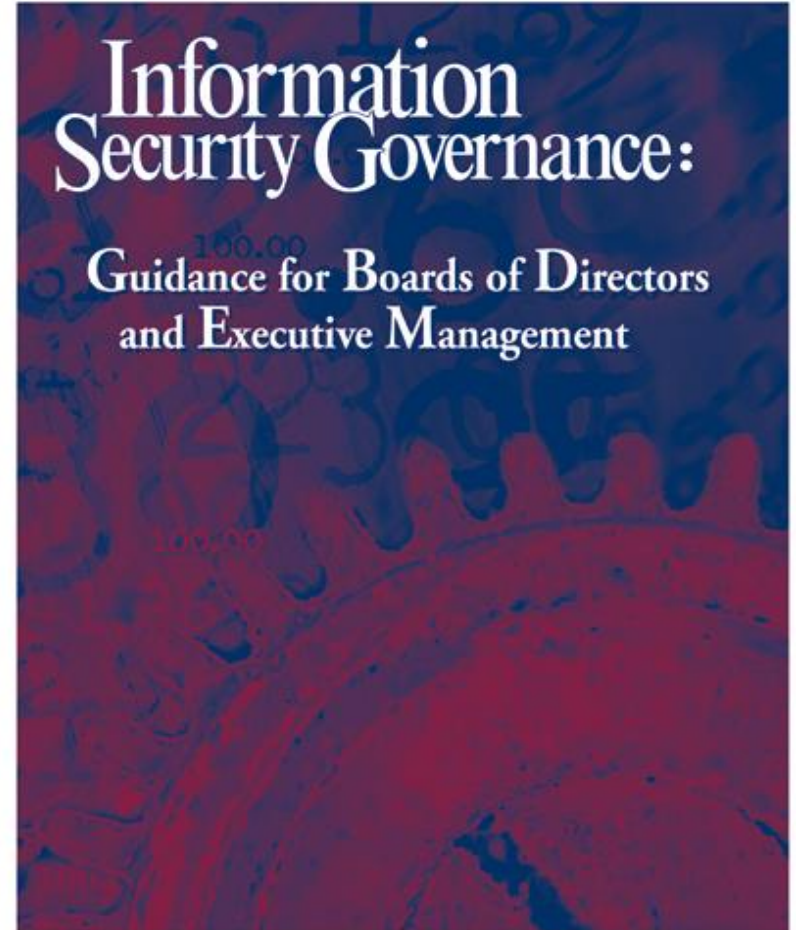


As IT becomes increasingly critical for enterprise survival as well as enabling growth, IT Strategy Committees need to broaden their scope. In addition to providing counsel on strategy when advising the board on its IT governance responsibilities, they need to focus on IT value, risks and performance.

LHS

Provide some
guidance & show
international
support

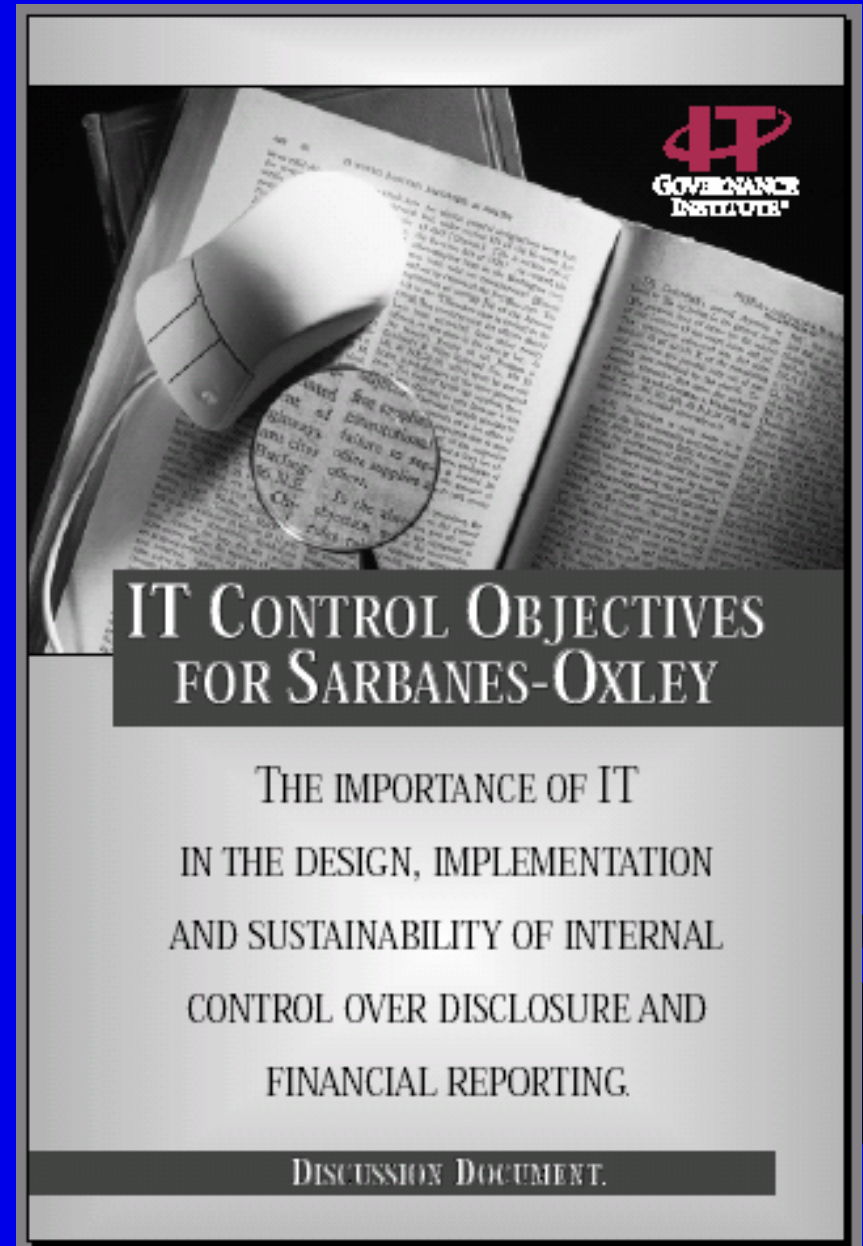
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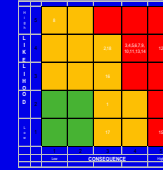
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SOX is big - so provide a solution

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Add Real Value



Risk Description

Root Cause

Inherent Risk Scores

Residual Scores

Movement is plotted on a heat diagram

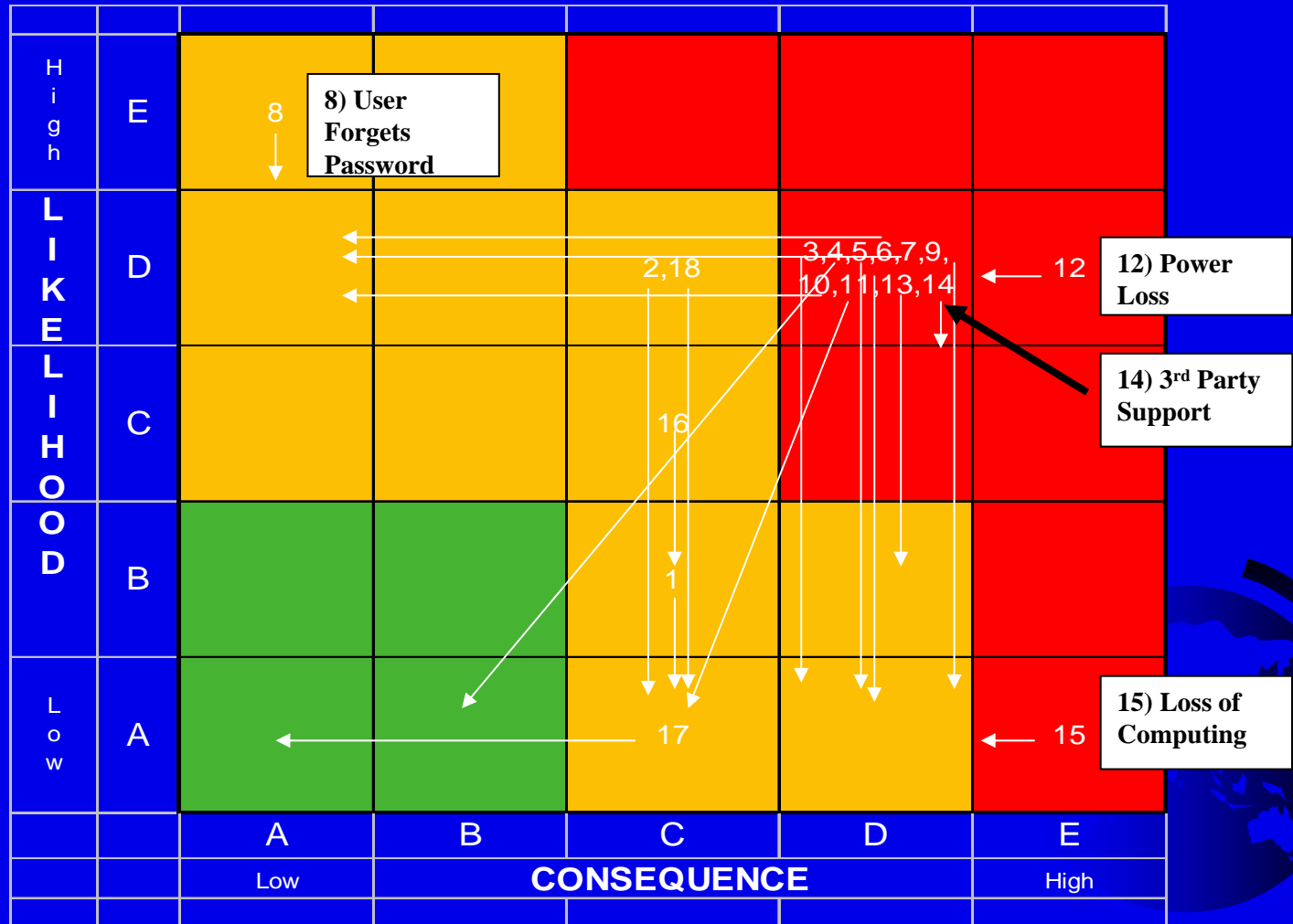
Ref.	Risk	Root causes	Owner	INHERENT		Mitigating Actions	Embedded Monitors/Early Warning Indicators	RESIDUAL	
	(Threat to achievement of business objective)	(How the threat could arise)		Probability	Impact	(What we are doing to manage the threat)	(How we know if we are succeeding)	Probability	Impact
	Format: EVENT leading to CONSEQUENCE resulting in EFFECT ON BUSINESS OBJECTIVE					Format: Who, What action, How frequent, How evidenced	Format: include comment on effectiveness.		
12	Non-availability of the HRIT service leads to users not being able to retrieve HR information resulting in regulatory failure	Loss of power to key server	Ops&IT	4	4	UPS and standby generator	Regular successful tests of power interruption	1	4

Owner

Mitigating Actions

Embedded Monitors

Make It Interesting



Responsibilities?

- Executive management for direction
- HR for setting the employment conditions, the disciplinary processes and the training
- Legal for providing guidance on what can and should not be allowed
- IT for providing the technical capability
- Audit for providing assurance



Summary

- Overcoming obstacles to IT security governance requires an understanding of company dynamics, psychology & perseverance!
- CobiT, ISO 17799, BS 15000 & ITIL (amongst others) provide a useful framework
- Human Resources (Personnel), Legal, IT and audit have a role to play, but HR is the key player
- Provide a process that adds value whilst minimising risk



The logo consists of the letters 'LHS' in a bold, serif font, enclosed within a white square with a black border.

Questions?

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